IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

		2034DI 473I	
) 	
	Defendant)	
	Lewisville, TX 75067)	
	350 Highland Dr.)	
v,	Nationstar Mortgage, LLC)	July Demand Requested
)	
	Plaintiff)	COMPLAINT
)	
)	
IN RE:	Michon Villanueva)	Case No.

COMPLAINT

Now comes Plaintiff, by and through her attorneys, and, for his Complaint alleges as follows:

- 1. Plaintiff, Nationstar Mortgage, LLC, brings this action to secure redress from unlawful collection practices engaged in by Defendant, Nationstar Mortgage, LLC. Plaintiff alleges violation of the Illinois Collection Agency Act, 225 ILCS 425/1 et seq. ("ICAA") and the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1692 et seq. ("FDCPA").
- The FDCPA broadly prohibits unfair or unconscionable collection methods, conduct which harasses or abuses any debtor, and any false, deceptive or misleading statements in connection with the collection of a debt. 15 U.S.C. Section 1692d, 1692e and 1692f
- The FDCPA prohibits a debt collector to contact a debtor when the debt collector has knowledge and can readily ascertain that the debtor has legal counsel regarding this matter. 15 U.S.C. Section 1692c
- 4. The ICAA reflects a determination that "The practice as a collection agency by any entity in the State of Illinois is hereby declared to affect the

public health, safety and welfare and to be subject to regulation and control in the public interest. It is further declared to be a matter of public interest and concern that the collection agency profession merit and receive the confidence of the public and that the only qualified entities be permitted to practice as a collection agency in the State of Illinois. This Act shall liberally be construed to carry out these objects and purposes......It is further declared to be the public policy of this State to protect consumers against debt collection abuse" 225 ILCS 425/1a.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. This court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1331, 1337, 1367; and 15 U.S.C. section 1692(d).
- 6. Venue is proper because a substantial part of the events giving rise to this claim occurred in this District.

PARTIES

- 7. Plaintiff incurred an obligation to pay money, the primary purpose of which was for personal, family, or household uses (the "Debt").
- 8. Plaintiff is a resident of the State of Illinois.
- 9. Defendant ("Nationstar Mortgage, LLC"), is an Texas business entity with an address of 350 Highland Drive, Lewisville, TX 75067 operating as a collection agency, and is a "debt collector" as the term is defined by 15 U.S.C. Section 1692a(6).
- 10. Unless otherwise stated herein, the term "Defendant" shall refer to Ocwen Loan Servicing.
- 11. Defendant uses instruments of interstate commerce for its principal purpose of business, which is the collection of debts.
- 12. At all relevant times, Defendant owned the Debt or was retained to collect the Debt.
- 13. The Debt arose from services provided by the Creditor which were

primarily for family, personal or household purposes and which meets the definition of a "debt" under 15 U.S.C. Section 1692(a)(5)

FACTS APPLICABLE TO ALL COUNTS

- 14. Plaintiff filed for Chapter 13 Bankruptcy on November 25, 2010.
- 15. Prior to filing of this Bankruptcy Debtor Plaintiff's original mortgage loan note was transferred to Defendant at a time when Plaintiff was in default for her mortgage.
- 16. On October 22, 2012, the United States Bankruptcy Clerk mailed out actual Notice of the Plaintiff's Bankruptcy information to the Plaintiff See Exhibit A.
- 17. Said Notice made clear most collection activity was prohibited as a matter of law. See Exhibit A.
- 18. On August 9, 2013, Defendant successfully petitioned the Bankruptcy
 Court in the Northern District of Illinois to Lift the Automatic Stay in order
 to begin foreclosing on the real estate. See Exhibit B.
- 19. On October 24, 2013, Plaintiff's Counsel faxed Defendant permission to work with Plaintiff to modify the mortgage.
- 20. Plaintiff has had no correspondence with Defendant for the six months prior to the filing of this Complaint.
- On or about June 4, 2014, Plaintiff settled a Sanctions action under 11U.S.C. Section 362 against Defendant in United States Bankruptcy Court.
- 22. Moreover, Defenant was well aware that Plaintiff was represented by Counsel.
- 23. On November 18, 2014, Defendant sent a collection letter to Plaintiff. See Exhibit B.

FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICE ACT VIOLATIONS

- 24. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein at length.
- 25. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. Section 1692c by contacting the Plaintiff,

- even though it actually knew that Plaintiff was retained by an Attorney.
- 26. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. Section 1692e by collecting on a debt that it had no legal right to collect on.

ILLINOIS COLLECTION AGENCY ACT

- 27. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein at length.
- 28. A private right of action exists for violation of the ICAA. Sherman v. Field Clinic, 74 Ill. App. 3d 21, 392 N.E. 2d 154 (1st Dist. 1979).
- 29. Defendant, in the regular course of business, engages in debt collection and is a "collection agency" as defined by 225 ILCS 425/2.02.
- 30. The Defendant's conduct violated 225 ILCS 425/9(a)(31) in that Defendants engaged in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- 31. The Defendant's conduct violated 225 ILCS 425/9.2(a)(2) in that it contacted Plaintiff directly in spite of knowing that Plaintiff was represented by Counsel.
- 32. The Defendant's conduct violated 225 ILCS 425/9(a)(20) in that it attempted to enforce it's right to collect on a debt that it knew or should have known was not legally enforceable.
- 33. The foregoing acts and omissions of the Defendant constitute numerous and multiple violations of the Illinois Collections Agency Act, including every one of the above-cited provisions.

JURY DEMAND

34. Plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

35, Plaintiff demands the following relief:

WHEREFORE, the Court should enter Judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant for:

(1) Statutory damages;

- (2) Attorney fees, litigation expenses and costs of suit; and
- (3) Such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ John Carlin
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